

2020(令和2)年度 沖縄国際大学入学試験問題 (前期)

経済学部・産業情報学部 専門高校／総合学科生

【英語】

注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけない。
2. この問題は、8 ページある。解答用紙は、マーク用が 1 枚ある。マーク用の解答用紙は【1】～【39】まで使用する。
3. 試験中に問題の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁、乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気がついた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
4. 解答用紙は直接機械処理をするので、折り曲げたり、汚してはいけない。
5. 解答用紙には、受験番号、氏名、志望学部学科、科目、受験地が印字されているので、間違いがないか確認しなさい。
6. 筆記用具は、必ず鉛筆 (HB) または 0.5 ミリの HB シャープペンシルを使用し、丁寧に記入しなさい。

また、訂正する場合は、プラスチック製消しゴムで完全に消してから改めて記入しなさい。

7. 解答は、設問ごとに指示してある番号の解答欄にマークしなさい。例えば【20】と指示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の (よい記入例) のように No. 【20】 の回答欄の③にマークしなさい。

○よい記入例

No.	解 答 欄									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
【20】	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

○悪い記入例 (得点にならない)

【21】 2ヶ所にマークした

No.	解 答 欄									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
【21】	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

【22】 はみだしてマークした

No.	解 答 欄									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
【22】	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

【23】 ぬりつぶした

No.	解 答 欄									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
【23】	①	②	●	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

8. 試験終了後、問題用紙は持ち帰りなさい。

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【英 語】

※ 解答はすべて解答用紙にマークすること。

- I. 次の文章を読んで、三つの段落の内容に一致するものを、それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選び、(【1】～【3】)に入れなさい。(各4点)

I recently bought a car. To tell the truth, I'm not proud of this. In fact, I'm somewhat embarrassed. Why? Even though I live in Naha and work in Ginowan, I've been living without a car for over ten years. People have often told me, "You can't live in Okinawa without a car!" But I've been proud of doing just that—because I like to be different, and to challenge the common wisdom. Even though I was happy without a car, I bought one anyway. But I'm not so sure my life has improved as a result.

Surprisingly, not having a car has many good points. To begin with, you'll get much more exercise. Because I bought a car, I exercise much less and have gained weight. I used to go to work by bus, running, or bicycling. Often, I would bike to work and then run home, and then run to work and bike home the next day. Pretty cool, huh? Even on days when I took the bus, I'd get the exercise of walking to the bus stop. After getting a car, I started driving to a health club and running on a machine. How ridiculous is that?! Not having a car is also safer, cheaper, less stressful, and better for the environment. Most of all, I liked the healthy lifestyle of being outside and in contact with nature.

Unfortunately, most Okinawans tend to do a lot of driving. Is it still possible to imagine an Okinawa that does not so thoroughly depend on cars? Certainly, improvements in public transportation can make a difference, but we also have to change our attitudes toward driving. Even if you own a car, you can improve your health, sense of the environment, and interactions* with the community, simply by using your car less, or by sharing rides with others. If we don't make positive changes now, global warming and environmental problems might force us to make changes in the future.

*interactions 交流

第一段落 (【 1 】)

- ① The writer thinks having a car is necessary.
- ② The writer regrets having bought a car.
- ③ The writer sold his car.
- ④ The writer recently learned how to drive.

第二段落 (【 2 】)

- ① Having a car is quite convenient.
- ② Having a car has disadvantages.
- ③ Exercising at a health club is better than running outside.
- ④ Exercising is often good for the environment.

第三段落 (【 3 】)

- ① Okinawans are poor drivers.
- ② Public transportation in Okinawa is too expensive.
- ③ Okinawans shouldn't drive so much.
- ④ Okinawans are concerned about the environment.

Ⅱ. 次の文章を読んで、次の A・B の問いに答えなさい。

On September 16, 2018, Amuro Namie officially retired from the music industry. Even those who are not hardcore fans enjoy her songs and were sad to hear the news. In the English media and on bulletin boards, J-Pop singers have sometimes been criticized for their poor pronunciation or strange uses of English. For example, “Body Feels EXIT,” the title of one of Amuro’s songs, is likely to puzzle most English speakers. However, unexpected and unusual uses of English can challenge us to expand our view of the language and can be quite interesting or thought-provoking. In other words, grammatically incorrect uses of English can sometimes be more interesting and memorable than uninteresting but perfect usage.

English speakers, especially teachers, are sometimes so strict about correcting and criticizing mistakes that they miss out on some unexpectedly creative successes. For example, in an episode of *Kyosen no tsukaenai eigo*, a popular show from the ’90s that made fun of *wasei eigo*, several foreigners lectured the owner of a karaoke box for naming the shop “Visual Voice.” They explained that a “voice” cannot be “visual” and tried to convince him to change the name. However, the owner had actually come up with an extremely creative name—and should have been praised. He had come up with not only a good description of karaoke but also alliteration* that was musical and memorable. In other words, he had come up with the perfect name!

One of Okinawa’s many strengths is its linguistic diversity. Okinawa has many residents who are speakers of Ryukyuan languages, Japanese, and English. In addition, one can often hear the languages of tourists from around the world. Interestingly, these languages are sometimes combined in unusual and unexpected ways. No doubt, this linguistic diversity explains why so many musicians and creative artists come from Okinawa. Hopefully, Okinawan artists and writers will continue to celebrate and creatively explore the area’s rich linguistic diversity. Let’s wish Amuro Namie success and happiness in her future life!

*alliteration 頭韻：語頭の子音の韻を踏むこと

A. 本文の内容と一致するように、下の1～3の文の空欄（【4】～【6】）に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。（各4点）

1. In the first paragraph, the writer argues that (【4】).

- ① Amuro Namie shouldn't have retired yet
- ② J-Pop singers should work on their English pronunciation
- ③ mistakes in English can sometimes be valuable
- ④ "Body Feels EXIT" wasn't a very good song

2. In the second paragraph, the writer comments that (【5】).

- ① "Visual Voice" is an excellent name for a karaoke box
- ② foreigners should criticize Japanese for making mistakes in English
- ③ karaoke is a unique Japanese custom that can't be easily described
- ④ *Kyosen no tsukaenai eigo* should have been cancelled

3. In the final paragraph, the writer expresses the desire that (【6】).

- ① different languages not be mixed together
- ② tourists in Okinawa be able to communicate in English
- ③ people in Okinawa learn at least one other foreign language
- ④ Okinawan artists keep using languages in creative ways

B. 次の文章は本文を要約したものです。本文の内容と一致するように、下線部の語句（【7】～【11】）に最も近い意味のものを、それぞれ①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。（各3点）

English speakers sometimes criticize Japanese people for making mistakes in English;

【7】

however, unexpected uses of English are often quite appealing. For example, some

【8】

【9】

foreigners on a TV show claimed that an owner had given his karaoke box a ridiculous

【10】

name, even though the name was actually rather creative. In Okinawa, many

types of languages help artists to come up with unique combinations.

【11】

- | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 【7】 | ① support | ② attack | ③ pronounce | ④ praise |
| 【8】 | ① correct | ② surprising | ③ everyday | ④ impossible |
| 【9】 | ① thoughtless | ② noisy | ③ wrong | ④ interesting |
| 【10】 | ① clever | ② sensible | ③ visual | ④ foolish |
| 【11】 | ① international | ② similarities | ③ kinds | ④ differences |

- Ⅲ. 次の英文は、会社での会話です。空欄 (【12】 ～ 【16】) に入る最も適切なものを、それぞれ ①～⑨の中から一つずつ選びなさい。なお、文の最初にくる語も小文字で始まっています。
- (各 2 点)

Daniel: Can we meet tonight at 6 o'clock to discuss our class project?
Laura: (【12】). I'll reserve a group study room at the library. But aren't you tired after having a big exam this morning? How did it go?
Daniel: Thanks for asking. Well, I think I did OK, but (【13】).
Laura: What happened? Did you oversleep?
Daniel: No, it was the bus! (【14】).
Laura: Oh, I'm sorry to hear that. I heard that the power went out in several parts of the city last night due to the storm. Maybe that's why the bus was late.
Daniel: Yeah, maybe. I guess I should (【15】).
Laura: That's a great idea. Riding a bike has a lot of health benefits. Thirty minutes, five days a week on a bike can (【16】). On top of that, you can avoid catching a cold.
Daniel: Right, and I could save money, too!

- ① I had a cup of coffee for breakfast
- ② start riding my bike to campus
- ③ I was a little late for the exam
- ④ join you tonight for some pizza
- ⑤ sounds good to me
- ⑥ that's impossible
- ⑦ improve your health
- ⑧ schedule a doctor's appointment
- ⑨ it's never on time

IV. 各文の空欄 (【17】～【34】) に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。(各2点)

1. Next Thursday is my uncle's birthday. I'm going to get (【17】) a wallet.
① he ② his ③ him ④ himself
2. Mr. Higa is one of the (【18】) for our English speech contest.
① musicians ② scientists ③ doctors ④ judges
3. A: What language do you want to study in college, Keiko?
B: I'd like to take (【19】) English and Spanish classes.
① either ② both ③ instead ④ till
4. Chris said that he (【20】) go to the beach today because he's sick.
① can ② may ③ will ④ won't
5. A: How about this camera? It's \$200.
B: That's too (【21】). I only have \$100.
① expensive ② excited ③ cheap ④ old
6. There was an English essay contest at school yesterday.
The first prize was (【22】) to one of my classmates.
① give ② gave ③ given ④ giving
7. A: I couldn't hear (【23】) the professor said.
B: He said that we'll have a test tomorrow.
① what ② why ③ which ④ how
8. A: Are you going to the pool this afternoon, Dad?
B: No, Nancy. It's too cold (【24】).
① swim ② swam ③ swimming ④ to swim
9. If it (【25】) tomorrow, we'll have to cancel the baseball game.
① rain ② rains ③ raining ④ to rain
10. On the (【26】) to the park, we stopped at a store to buy some drinks.
① top ② time ③ way ④ place

11. A: What are you going to do after you graduate (【27】) high school?
B: I'm going to study American literature at college.
① from ② to ③ under ④ over
12. My father loves jogging. It rained today, but he got up early and went jogging (【28】) usual.
① on ② ever ③ by ④ as
13. A: This curry and rice is really good. Can you tell me how you make it?
B: All right. I'll send you the (【29】) by e-mail.
① place ② area ③ recipe ④ habit
14. Who (【30】) the most brothers and sisters in your class?
① is ② are ③ have ④ has
15. My father (【31】) her since she was a child.
① know ② knows ③ has known ④ knowing
16. People (【32】) 20 years old are not allowed to drink alcohol.
① over ② under ③ for ④ from
17. Karen's father makes very good pizza. He's a (【33】) at an Italian restaurant.
① guide ② florist ③ chef ④ musician
18. (【34】) Kenji studied hard for the exam, he failed it.
① Although ② Because ③ If ④ Since

V. 次の日本語の意味に合うように、①～⑤の語句を並べ替えて英文を完成させなさい。ただし、解答は三番目の空欄（【35】～【39】）に入る番号のみを答えなさい。なお、最初に来る語も小文字で始まっています。（各3点）

1. あなたは、何人家族ですか。

_____ (【35】) _____ in your family?
① members ② there ③ how ④ are ⑤ many

2. 父の誕生日に何をあげたらいいか、わかりません。

I _____ (【36】) _____ my father for his birthday.
① know ② don't ③ to ④ what ⑤ give

3. 私が読んでいる本は、とてもおもしろいです。

The _____ (【37】) _____ .
① very interesting ② reading ③ book ④ is ⑤ I'm

4. あのコンビニで、おいしいケーキが売っています。

_____ (【38】) _____ convenience store.
① delicious cakes ② at ③ they ④ that ⑤ sell

5. 私の夢は有名なピアニストになることです。

My _____ (【39】) _____ .
① is ② be ③ a famous pianist ④ dream ⑤ to

